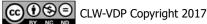


### **Curriculum Revision Based on OBE Framework and AUN-QA Criteria**

Chavalit Wongse-ek Veeradeth Panvisavas





#### **Workshop:**

E1: Formulating Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)

E2: Backward design curriculum

E3: Construct a programme structure and curriculum map

E3: Formulation of course learning outcomes (CLOs)



Curriculum Revision based on OBE Framework and AUN-OA Criteria: Development and Implementation

- Formulate and Write the statement of Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)
- **Curriculum Design** Using Backward design Technique
- **Translate** ELOs to programme structure and content
- **Formulate** properly the Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)

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#### What is outcome-based education?

Outcome-based education (OBE)

is a **learner-centered** learning philosophy that focuses on measuring students' performance (the intended learning outcomes). OBE itself is **not a teaching style** or method, it is a principle for designing your teaching in an effective way that enables learning happen and helps students to achieve the intended learning outcomes. Therefore, what matters most in OBE is

"what is learnt" rather than "what is taught".

http://celt.ust.hk/learner-centered-course-design



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#### **OBE Model**

#### "Product (ELOs) defines process (SCL)"

Harden RM, et.al. Med Teacher 21(1): 7-14, 1999

**Expected Learning Outcomes** (ELOs) is what the student should be able to know, understand and to do at the end of the programme.

**SCL**: "Student-Centered-Learning"

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#### A Touch of Quality

#### **Key Concepts and Principles of OBE**

- Focus on results of learning (ELOs)
- Backwards curriculum design design down (from the performances expected of graduates) and deliver up.
- Create learning opportunities to help different learners achieve learning outcomes
- Constructive alignment (assessment learning activities – learning outcomes)

#### **OBE Concept**

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#### **Expected Learning Outcomes**

Statements specifying what the learners will know and be able to do at the end of the programme.



#### Student-Centered Learning

#### **Learning Activities**

The teaching and learning methods which the teachers use to achieve each of the Learning Outcomes. Students will know exactly why they are being asked to engage in certain teaching and learning activities in their courses.

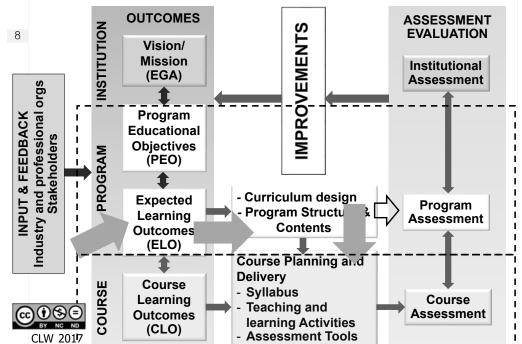
**Assessments** 

An on-going process aims improving students' learning by measuring the learning outcomes they have achieved. Feedback will be given so that students know what they need to do in order to get better grades.

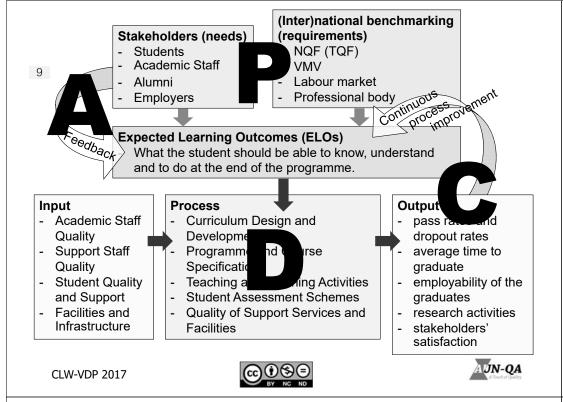
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#### An OBE Model



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**AUN-QA Model at Programme Level** 

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- Design based on OBE Framework
- PDCA Approach to Assessment
- Principles-based assessment system designed for Improvement to Best practice

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## **Guide to AUN Actual Quality Assessment** at Programme Level (3<sup>rd</sup> Version, 2015)



- Criteria and assessment process of AUN Actual Quality Assessment at Programme Level
- Associated resources (templates and samples)
- 3<sup>rd</sup> version will be effective from January 2017

http://www.aunsec.org/pdf/Guide%20to%20AUN-QA%20Assessment%20at%20Programme%20Level%20Version%203 2015.pdf



#### **Criteria**

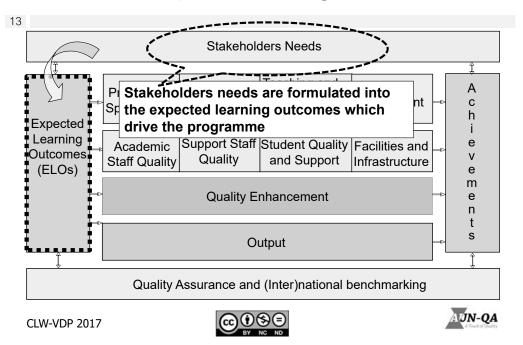
2

- Expected Learning Outcomes
- 2. Programme Specification
- 3. Programme Structure and Content
- 4. Teaching and Learning Approach
- 5. Student Assessment
- Academic Staff Quality
- 7. Support Staff Quality
- 8. Student Quality and Support
- 9. Facilities and Infrastructure
- 10. Quality Enhancement
- 11. Output

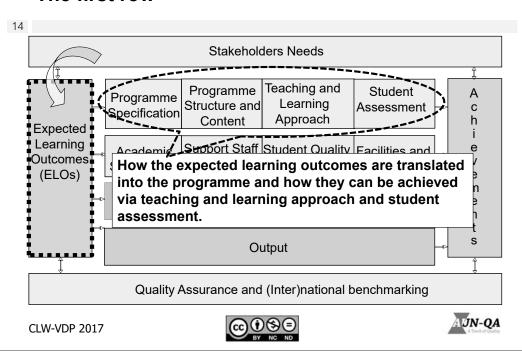


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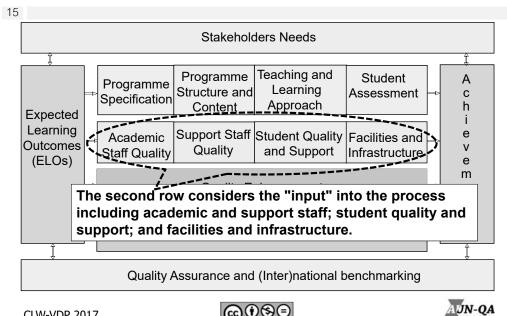
#### **Started with Expected Learning Outcomes**



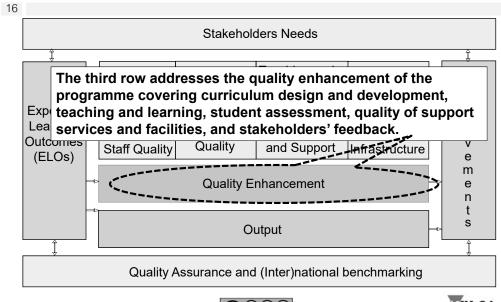
#### The first row



#### The second row



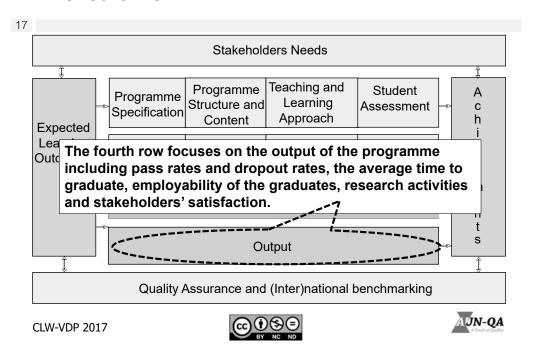
#### Third row

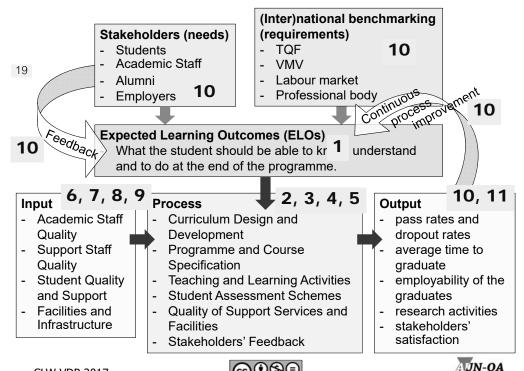


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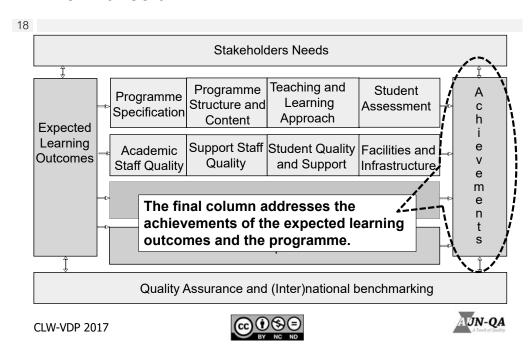


#### The fourth row





#### The final column



#### **Relationship of Criteria and Tasks**

1. Expected Learning Outcomes

2. Programme Specification

3. Programme Structure and Content

4. Teaching and Learning Approach

5. Student Assessment

6. Academic Staff Quality

7. Support Staff Quality

8. Student Quality and Support

9. Facilities and Infrastructure

10.Quality Enhancement

11.Output

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Curriculum - 1, 2, 3, 10

Teaching & Learning -

4, 5, 6, 9, 10

Resources - 6, 7, 8, 9, 10

Stakeholders - 8, 11

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## Five steps in a curriculum design based on OBE







Clearly defining the Expected Learning Outcomes

**Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs** 

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

Construct appropriate Course Syllabus that the alignment of CLOs with ELOs and constructive alignment of each course are achieved.

Review Program Constructive Alignment to ensure the ELOs can be achieved





#### **Learning Outcomes for HE Students**

Reginal Level → AQRF → 3 domains, 8 level National level → NQF → 3 domains, 8 levels National/International Accreditation Requirements

- University level → GAs
   What are the attributes of an ideal graduate of the University?
- Programme level 

  ELOs, ILOs, SLOs
  What are the intended learning outcomes for students enrolled in the programme?
- Course/Subject/Module/Unit level
   What are the intended learning outcomes for students taking
   a particular course/subject/module/unit at a particular level
   within the programme?

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## How to formulate Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)?





#### **Others Name of Learning Outcomes**

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- · At a programme level
  - Student Learning Outcomes, SLOs (USA)
  - Expected Learning Outcomes, ELOs (AUN)
  - Intended Learning Outcomes, ILOs
  - Programme Learning Outcomes, PLOs
- At a course level
  - Course Learning Outcomes, CLOs
  - Course Intended Learning Outcomes, CILOs

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#### **Designing and Delivering Learning Outcomes**

26 Design backward Learning Learning Learning Learning Learning **Outcomes Outcomes Outcomes Outcomes Outcomes** of the of the of the of the of the Unit University Course **Program** Lesson Deliver forward

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#### **Expected learning outcomes**

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- The ELO (Student Learning Outcomes) is the starting point of the Cucciculum design and improvement.
- ELO is what the student should be able to know,
   understand and to do at the end of the programme.
- EOLs should be formulated from the requirements of the stakeholders.
- ELOs should be written in a way where learning is translated into observable and measurable results which can be demonstrated and assessed.

#### **Learning Outcomes** (EQF 2008)

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 Learning outcomes means statements of what a learner knows, understands and is able to do on completion of a learning process, which are defined in terms of knowledge, skills and competence.





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- Knowledge means the body of <u>facts</u>, <u>principles</u>, <u>theories</u> and <u>practices</u> that is related to a field of work or study.
- Skills means the ability to apply knowledge and use know-how to complete tasks and solve problems. Skills are described as <u>cognitive</u> (involving the use of logical, intuitive and creative thinking) or <u>practical</u> (involving manual dexterity and the use of methods, materials, tools and instruments).
- Competence means the proven <u>ability to use</u>
   <u>knowledge, skills and personal, social and/or</u>
   <u>methodological abilities</u>, in work or study situations and in professional and personal development.

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#### **Thailand NQF, 2017**......TQF - V2

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- Align with AQRF
   (ASEAN Qualification Reference Framework)
- 3 Domains of Learning Outcomes
  - (1) Knowledge
  - (2) Skills
  - (3) Application and Responsibility
- 8 Educational Levels

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#### **ASEAN Qualifications Reference Framework, AQRF**

http://asean.org/storage/2017/03/ED-02-ASEAN-Qualifications-Reference-Framework-January-2016.pdf

- The AQRF is based on broad level descriptors (<u>2 domains</u>) which include <u>eight levels</u> of complexity of learning outcomes.
- The level descriptors include the **notion of competence**, which is the ability that extends beyond the possession of knowledge and skills. It includes:
  - Cognitive competence
  - Functional competence (skills or know-how)
  - Personal competence
  - Ethical competence

#### **AQRF**

http://asean.org/storage/2017/03/ED-02-ASEAN-Qualifications-Reference-Framework-January-2016.pdf

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The **level descriptors** include two domains

- Knowledge and Skills
- Application and Responsibility

The Knowledge and Skills domain includes the various kinds of knowledge such as facts and theories as well as the skills used, such as practical and cognitive skills.

The Application and Responsibility domain defines the context in which the knowledge and skills are used in practice as well as the level of independence including the capacity to make decisions and the responsibility for oneself and others.





	Knowledge and Skills	Application and Responsibility
	Demonstration of knowledge and skills that:	The contexts in which knowledge and skills are demonstrated:
Evel 8	<ul> <li>is at the most advanced and specialised level and at the frontier of a field</li> <li>involve independent and original thinking and research, resulting in the creation of new knowledge or practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>are highly specialised and complex involving the development and testing of new theories and new solutions to resolve complex, abstract issues</li> <li>require authoritative and expert judgment in management of research or an organisation and significant responsibility for extending professional knowledge and practice and creation of new ideas and or processes.</li> </ul>
Level 7	<ul> <li>is at the forefront of a field and show mastery of a body of knowledge</li> <li>involve critical and independent thinking as the basis for research to extend or redefine knowledge or practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>are complex and unpredictable and involve the development and testing of innovative solutions to resolve issues</li> <li>require expert judgment and significant responsibility for professional knowledge, practice and management</li> </ul>
Level 6	is specialised technical and theoretical within a specific field     involve critical and analytical	<ul> <li>are complex and changing</li> <li>require initiative and adaptability as well as strategies to improve activities and to solve complex and</li> </ul>

#### **Learning Outcomes of Bachelor Degree specified in AQF**

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

Summary	Graduates at this level will have broad and coherent knowledge and skills for professional work and/or further learning
Knowledge	Graduates at this level will have broad and coherent theoretical and technical knowledge with depth in one or more disciplines or areas of practice
Skills	Graduates at this level will have well-developed cognitive, technical and communication skills to select and apply methods and technologies to:  • analyse and evaluate information to complete a range of activities
	analyse, generate and transmit solutions to unpredictable and sometimes complex problems     transmit knowledge, skills and ideas to others
Application of knowledge	Graduates at this level will apply knowledge and skills to demonstrate autonomy, well-developed judgement and responsibility:
and skills	in contexts that require self-directed work and learning
	<ul> <li>within broad parameters to provide specialist advice and functions</li> </ul>

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#### **Bachelor Degree qualification type descriptors**

Purpose	The Bachelor Degree qualifies individuals who apply a broad and coherent body of knowledge in a rar contexts to undertake professional work and as a pathway for further learning	
Knowledge	Graduates of a Bachelor Degree will have a broad and coherent body of knowledge, with depth in the underlying principles and concepts in one or more disciplines as a basis for independent lifelong learning	
Skills	Graduates of a Bachelor Degree will have:	
	cognitive skills to review critically, analyse, consolidate and synthesise knowledge	
	<ul> <li>cognitive and technical skills to demonstrate a broad understanding of knowledge with depth in some areas</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>cognitive and creative skills to exercise critical thinking and judgement in identifying and solving problems with intellectual independence</li> </ul>	
	communication skills to present a clear, coherent and independent exposition of knowledge and ideas	
Application	Graduates of a Bachelor Degree will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:	
of knowledge and skills	<ul> <li>with initiative and judgement in planning, problem solving and decision making in professional practice and/or scholarship</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>to adapt knowledge and skills in diverse contexts</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>with responsibility and accountability for own learning and professional practice and in collaboration with others within broad parameters</li> </ul>	
Volume of	The volume of learning of a Bachelor Degree is typically 3 – 4 years	

#### **Learning Outcomes of Masters Degree specified in AQF**

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

AQF level 9	criteria
Summary	Graduates at this level will have specialised knowledge and skills for research, and/or professional practice and/or further learning
Knowledge	Graduates at this level will have advanced and integrated understanding of a complex body of knowledge in one or more disciplines or areas of practice
Skills	Graduates at this level will have expert, specialised cognitive and technical skills in a body of knowledge or practice to independently:  • analyse critically, reflect on and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories research and apply established theories to a body of knowledge or practice  • interpret and transmit knowledge, skills and ideas to specialist and non-specialist audiences
Application of knowledge and skills	Graduates at this level will apply knowledge and skills to demonstrate autonomy, expert judgement, adaptability and responsibility as a practitioner or learner



#### Masters Degree qualification type descriptors 1/3

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Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

	Masters Degree (Research)	Masters Degree (Coursework)	Masters Degree (Extended)
Summary	The Masters Degree (Research) qualifies individuals who apply an advanced body of knowledge in a range of contexts for research and scholarship and as a pathway for further learning	The Masters Degree (Coursework) qualifies individuals who apply an advanced body of knowledge in a range of contexts for professional practice or scholarship and as a pathway for further learning	The Masters Degree (Extended) qualifies individuals who apply an advanced body of knowledge in a range of contexts for professional practice and as a pathway for further learning
Knowledge	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Research) will have:  • a body of knowledge that includes the understanding of recent developments in one or more disciplines  • advanced knowledge of research principles and methods applicable to the field of work or learning	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Coursework) will have:  a body of knowledge that includes the understanding of recent developments in a discipline and/or area of professional practice  knowledge of research principles and methods applicable to a field of work and/or learning	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Extended) w have:  a body of knowledge that includes the estended understanding of recent developments in a discipline and its professional practice Innowledge of research principles and methods applicable to the discipline and its professional practice

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#### Masters Degree qualification type descriptors 3/3

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

Application of knowledge and skills	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Research) will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with creativity and initiative to new situations and/or for further learning  • with high level personal autonomy and accountability  • to plan and execute a substantial piece of research	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Coursework) will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with creativity and initiative to new situations in professional practice and/or for further learning  • with high level personal autonomy and accountability  • to plan and execute a substantial research-based project, capstone experience and/or piece of scholarship	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Extended) will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with creativity and initiative to new situations in professional practice and/or for further learning  • with high level personal autonomy and accountability  • to plan and execute a substantial research-based project, capstone experience and/or professionally focused project
Volume of learning	The volume of learning of a Masters Degree (Research) is typically 1 - 2 years; in the same discipline 1.5 years following a level 7 qualification or 1 year following a level 8 qualification; in a different discipline 2 years following a level 7 qualification or 1.5 years following a level 8 qualification	The volume of learning of a Masters Degree (Coursework) is typically 1 – 2 years; in the same discipline 1.5 years following a level 7 qualification or 1 year following a level 8 qualification; in a different discipline 2 years following a level 7 qualification or 1.5 years following a level 8 qualification or 1.5 years following a level 8 qualification	The volume of learning of a Masters Degree (Extended) is typically 3 – 4 years following completion of a minimum of a 3 year level 7 qualification

#### Masters Degree qualification type descriptors 2/3

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013

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https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

#### Skills

Graduates of a Masters Degree (Research) will

- · cognitive skills to demonstrate mastery of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on theory and its application
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to investigate, analyse and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories and to apply established theories to different bodies of knowledge or practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to generate and evaluate complex ideas and concepts at an abstract level
- · cognitive and technical skills to design, use and evaluate research and research
- · communication and technical skills to present a coherent and sustained argument and to disseminate research results to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- technical and communication skills to design, evaluate, implement, analyse, theorise and disseminate research that makes a contribution to knowledge

Graduates of a Masters Degree (Coursework)

- · cognitive skills to demonstrate mastery of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on theory and professional practice or scholarship
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to investigate, analyse and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories and to apply established theories to different bodies of knowledge or practice
- cognitive, technical and creative skills to generate and evaluate complex ideas and concepts at an abstract level
- · communication and technical research skills to justify and interpret theoretical propositions, methodologies, conclusions and professional decisions to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- technical and communication skills to design, evaluate, implement, analyse and theorise about developments that contribute to professional practice or scholarship

Graduates of a Masters Degree (Extended) will

- · cognitive skills to demonstrate mastery of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on theory and professional practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to investigate, analyse and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories and to apply established theories to different bodies of knowledge or practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to generate and evaluate complex ideas and concepts at an abstract level
- · communication and technical research skills to justify and interpret theoretical propositions, methodologies, conclusions and professional decisions to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- · technical and communication skills to design, evaluate, implement, analyse and theorise about developments that contribute to professional practice

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#### **Learning Outcomes of Doctoral Degree specified in AQF**

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013

#### AQF level 10 criteria

#### Summary

Graduates at this level will have systematic and critical understanding of a complex field of learning and specialised research skills for the advancement of learning and/or for professional practice

#### Knowledge

Graduates at this level will have systemic and critical understanding of a substantial and complex body of knowledge at the frontier of a discipline or area of professional practice

#### Skills

Graduates at this level will have expert, specialised cognitive, technical and research skills in a discipline area to independently and systematically:

- engage in critical reflection, synthesis and evaluation
- · develop, adapt and implement research methodologies to extend and redefine existing knowledge or professional practice
- disseminate and promote new insights to peers and the community
- generate original knowledge and understanding to make a substantial contribution to a discipline or area of professional practice

#### Application of knowledge and skills

Graduates at this level will apply knowledge and skills to demonstrate autonomy, authoritative judgement, adaptability and responsibility as an expert and leading practitioner or scholar





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#### **Doctoral Degree qualification type descriptor**

Purpose	The Doctoral Degree qualifies individuals who apply a substantial body of knowledge to research, investigate and develop new knowledge, in one or more fields of investigation, scholarship or professional practice
Knowledge	Graduates of a Doctoral Degree will have:
	<ul> <li>a substantial body of knowledge at the frontier of a field of work or learning, including knowledge that constitutes an original contribution</li> </ul>
	substantial knowledge of research principles and methods applicable to the field of work or learning
Skills	Graduates of a Doctoral Degree will have:
	<ul> <li>cognitive skills to demonstrate expert understanding of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on that theory and practice</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>cognitive skills and use of intellectual independence to think critically, evaluate existing knowledge and ideas, undertake systematic investigation and reflect on theory and practice to generate original knowledge</li> </ul>
	expert technical and creative skills applicable to the field of work or learning.
	communication skills to explain and critique theoretical propositions, methodologies and conclusions
	<ul> <li>communication skills to present cogenity a complex investigation of originality or original research for external examination against international standards and to communicate results to peers and the community</li> </ul>
	expert skills to design, implement, analyse, theorise and communicate research that makes a significant and original contribution to knowledge and/or professional practice
Application of knowledge	Graduates of a Doctoral Degree will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with intellectual independence
and skills	with initiative and creativity in new situations and/or for further learning.
	with full responsibility and accountability for personal outputs
	to plan and execute original research
	· with the ongoing capacity to generate new knowledge, including in the context of professional practice

#### **Categories of Learning Outcomes (AUN-QA)**

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#### Specific outcomes:

The outcomes that relate to the subject discipline and the knowledge, skills and/or competences particular to it.

 Generic outcomes (sometimes called transferable skills)

The outcomes that relate to any and all disciplines e.g. written, oral, problem-solving, information technology, and team working skills, etc.

QA at Programme Level



#### **Generic learning outcomes (AQF)**

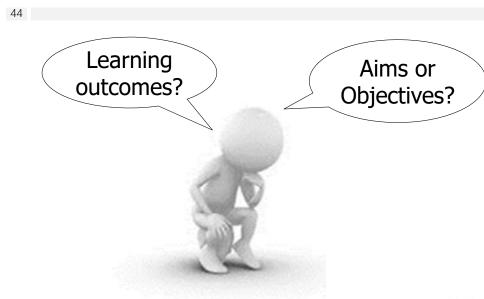
43

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Generic learning outcomes are the transferrable, non discipline specific skills a graduate may achieve through learning that have application in study, work and life contexts. The four broad categories of generic learning outcomes recognised in the AQF are:

- fundamental skills, such as literacy and numeracy appropriate to the level and qualification type
- people skills, such as working with others and communication skills
- **thinking skills**, such as learning to learn, decision making and problem solving
- personal skills, such as self direction and acting with integrity.

#### Aims (Goals), Objectives and LOs







#### Aims (Goals), Objectives and LOs

Aims (Goals) or objectives are more concerned with teaching, the teacher's intentions and the management of learning.

**Learning outcomes** are concerned with the achievements or results of the learner rather than the intentions of the teacher.

QA at Programme Level





INTENTION

RESULTS

46

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Specificity

#### Translate Goals (Aims) and Objectives to ELO

**Goals/Aim** "To implement the undergraduate education to master the concepts of modern biology".

**Objectives** "To empower community through the application of modern biological innovations"

**Learning outcome** "Students should be able to **apply** the modern biological innovations underpinning the use of molecular biology to community.

#### **How do I change my Programme or Course Objectives to Learning Outcomes?**

Goals

**Objectives** 

Outcomes

**The short answer** is to complete one of the following statements:

- At the end of this course, students should be able to .......
- On successful completion of this course, students will be able to .......

By using such a stem, the focus is turned to the student and what they will be able to do.

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#### What is yours ...

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- What is your Programme Goals or Aims?
   (a broad general statement of teaching intention)
- What is your Programme Objectives?
   (a specific statement of teaching intention)

Group discussion: .....

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## Easy Syntax..... ELO Statement

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#### Syntex

(a) Action verb (Educational Taxonomy)+ Objects + Modification (T&L/Assessment)

Graduates of our program shall have:

 (a) an ability to design + a system, component, or process + to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability







#### **SMART**

5

SMART helps to check an LO that required characteristics:

- **Specific**: accurately states what the successful student is expected to achieve
- Measurable: open to assessment which accurately assesses whether or not the outcome has been achieved
- <u>A</u>chievable: should be within the range of abilities of the student
- <u>Relevant</u>: should be relatable to the key aims of the programme
- **<u>Time scaled</u>**: must be achievable within the duration of the study-unit/programme

#### **Recommended Verbs for Writing Learning Outcomes**

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#### **COGNITIVE (K)**

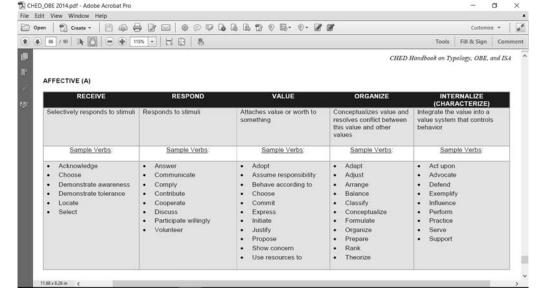
REMEMBER	UNDERSTAND	APPLY	ANALYZE	EVALUATE	CREATE
Retrieve knowledge from long-term memory	Construct meaning from instructional messages, including oral, written, graphic communication	Carry out/use procedure in a given situation	Break material into constituent parts; determine how parts relate to one another and to an overall structure or purpose	Make judgments based on criteria and standards	Put elements togethe to form coherent or functional whole; reorganize elements into a new pattern or structure
Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs
Define Describe Label List Match Recall Recognize State	Classify Compare Discuss Exemplify Explain Identify Illustrate Infer Interpret Predict Report Review Summarize Translate	Apply     Change     Choose     Demonstrate     Execute     Implement     Prepare     Solve     Use	Analyze     Attribute     Debate     Differentiate     Distinguish     Examine     Organize     Research	Appraise     Check     Critique     Judge	Compose Construct Create Design Develop Formulate Generate Invent Make Organize Plan Produce Propose

(Adapted from BCIT (2003) and PATE Module on Assessment and Evaluation)

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#### **AFFECTIVE (A)**



#### A JN-QA

#### **PSYCHOMOTOR (S)**

PERCEIVE	SET	RESPOND AS GUIDED	ACT	RESPOND OVERTLY	ADAPT	ORGANIZE
Senses cues that guide motor activity	Is mentally, emotionally, physically ready to act	Imitates and practices skills	Performs acts with increasing efficiency, confidence, ad proficiency	Performs acts automatically	Adapts skill sets to solve a problem	Creates new patterns for specific situations
Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:	Sample Verbs:
Detect Differentiate Distinguish Identify Observe Recognize Relate Describe the perception Describe the sensation: Hear Listen See Smell Taste	Assume a stance     Display     Perform motor skills     Position the body     Proceed     Show	Copy     Duplicate     Imitate     Operate under supervision     Practice     Repeat     Reproduce	Assemble     Calibrate     Complete with confidence     Construct     Demonstrate     Dismantle     Fix     Execute     Improve efficiency     Make     Manipulate     Measure     Mend     Organize     Produce	Act habitually Control Direct Guide Manage Perform Note: Same verbs as "ACT", but with modifiers describing the performance, e.g., faster, better, more accurate, outstanding, etc.	Adapt     Alter     Change     Rearrange     Reorganize     Revises	Arrange     Build     Compose     Construct     Create     Design     Originate     Make

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#### **Examples of Remembering/Understanding**

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- Recall genetics terminology: homozygous, heterozygous, phenotype, genotype, etc.
- Identify and consider ethical implications of scientific investigations.
- List the criteria to be taken into account when caring for a patient with tuberculosis.
- Differentiate between civil and criminal law.
- Identify participants and goals in the development of electronic commerce.
- Predict the genotype of cells that undergo meiosis and mitosis.
- Classify reactions as exothermic and endothermic.



#### **Examples of Applying/Analyzing**

- Apply knowledge of infection control in the maintenance of patient care facilities.
- Relate energy changes to bond breaking and formation.
- Modify guidelines in a case study of a small manufacturing firm to enable tighter quality control of production.
- Analyse why society criminalises certain behaviours.
- Compare and contrast the different electronic business models.
- Debate the economic and environmental effects of energy conversion processes.

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### **Examples of Evaluating/Creating**

- Recognise and formulate problems that are amenable to energy management solutions.
- Propose solutions to complex energy management problems both verbally and in writing.
- Relate the sign of enthalpy changes to exothermic and endothermic reactions.
- Organise a patient radiation protection procedure.
- Predict the effect of change of temperature on the position of equilibrium.



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#### **AUN 1: Expected Learning Outcomes** (3)

#### **Expected Learning Outcomes**

- The expected learning outcomes have been clearly formulated and aligned with the vision and mission of the university. [1,2]
- 1.2 The expected learning outcomes cover both subject specific and generic (i.e. transferable) learning outcomes. [3]
- 1.3 The expected learning outcomes clearly reflect the requirements of the stakeholders. [4]

#### Criterion 1 Expected Learning Outcomes

60

The formulation of the expected learning outcomes takes into account and reflects the vision and mission of the institution. The vision and mission are explicit and known to staff

The programme shows the expected learning outcomes of the graduate. Each course and

To meet

Content

skills) outcomes that relate to any and all disciplines e.g. written and oral commu problem-solving, information technology, teambuilding skills, etc.

The programme has clearly formulated the expected learning outcomes which reflect the

1	Expected Learning Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1.1	The expected learning outcomes have been clearly the				1			
				OF	1	vt		
1.2	s an	4		101	ite	ΧL	1	
1.2		4				× t		

#### Diagnostic Quastional

- What are To inquire

Construct

#### 1. Expected Learning Outcomes

#### Requirements (4)

- 1. The formulation of the expected learning outcomes takes into account and reflects the vision and mission of the institution. The vision and mission are explicit and known to staff and students.
- 2. The programme shows the expected learning outcomes of the graduate. Each course and lesson should clearly be designed to achieve its expected learning outcomes which should be aligned to the programme expected learning outcomes.

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#### 1. Expected Learning Outcomes

#### Requirements (4)

- 3. The programme is designed to cover both subject specific outcomes that relate to the knowledge and skills of the subject discipline; and generic (sometimes called transferable skills) outcomes that relate to any and all disciplines e.g. written and oral communication, problemsolving, information technology, teambuilding skills, etc.
- 4. The programme has clearly formulated the expected learning outcomes which reflect the relevant demands and needs of the stakeholders.

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#### Easy Syntax..... ELO Statement

Graduates of our program shall have:

(c) an ability to **design** + a system, component, or process + to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability

#### Syntex

(c) **Action verb** (Educational Taxonomy) + Objects + Modification (T&L/Assessment)

#### **EX.: Goals (Objs) and Learning Outcomes**

Get 1 Having more international Institution

**Sutcome**: Publish research paper in an international journal.

**1) ve**: Effective journal writing skills **Programm 2 Sutcome**: Write properly the effective research paper for international journal.

Course

2) Outcome: Write properly the effective research paper for international journal.





#### What is your ...

65

- What is your Programme Aims?
   (a broad general statement of teaching intention)
- What is your Programme Objectives?
   (a specific statement of teaching intention)

#### **Example**

66

 Programme aims to produce graduates who possess in-depth knowledge and skills for scientific decision making, and are able to construct models and analyse the problems accordingly. The possessed knowledge and skill should also be integrated in the other field areas such as economy, accounting and management.

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CLW-**YO**P52017



Example

#### **Programme Learning Outcomes**

67

LOD 1	Apply knowledge of mathematics, probability, statistics, operational research/decision science and operation management, as well as information and communication technology (ICT).
LOD 2	Design, model and solve real world and hypothetical problems, and thus able to analyse and interpret data using contemporary computer tools.
LOD 3	Use quantitative techniques, modelling skills and contemporary decision science tools for industries, public institution and society.
LOD 4	Communicate effectively orally, graphically and in writing, and function in culturally diverse, gender-diverse and multi-disciplinary teams.
LOD 5	Integrate and synthesize organisational issues, and evaluate potential solutions in the broader context of the organisation or society.
LOD 6	Participate in lifelong learning, career advancement activities, and keep up-to-date with knowledge of emerging technologies.
LOD 7	Commercialise tangible and intangible decision making products, in the form of written, oral and electronic media.
LOD 8	Carry out professional and ethical responsibility.
LOD 9	Portray leadership and accountability, and exercising management and decision making

**Business Programme** 

6

Students will be able to:



- Communicate business knowledge both orally and written.
- Recognize and respond appropriately to an ethical and regulatory dilemma.
- Recognize and diagnose accounting problems.
- Demonstrate disciplinary competence in a field of business.





#### **Humanities and Fine Arts:**

- Example • **Demonstrate** fluency with formal vocabulary, artistic techniques and procedures of two dimensional and threedimensional art practice.
- **Demonstrate** in-depth knowledge of artistic periods used to interpret works of art including the historical, social and philosophical contexts.
- Critique and analyze works of art and visual objects .
- Identify musical elements, take them down at dictation, and perform them at sight.
- Communicate both orally and verbally about music of all genres and styles in a clear and articulate manner.
- Able to analyze and interpret scripts.

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#### **Student Outcomes**

Graduates of our program shall have:

- (a) an ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering;
  - (b) an ability to conduct laboratory experiments and to critically analyze and interpret data in more than one of the recognized major civil engineering areas;
  - (c) an ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constrains such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability;
  - (d) an ability to function on multidisciplinary teams;
  - (e) an ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems;
  - (f) an understanding of professional and ethical responsibilities;
  - (g) an ability to communicate effectively;
  - (h) the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context;

#### Civil Engineering, B.S.

http://www.csun.edu/engineering-computer-science/civil-engineering-constructionmanagement/ce-program-mission

#### 70 Program Mission

 To provide our students with a sound basic civil engineering education and to prepare them for entry into the professional practice of civil engineering, as well as to inculcate in them a recognition that civil engineering is a people serving profession. In keeping with these goals, we aim to develop in them an understanding that a successful professional career is one that addresses the needs of society and requires a lifetime of learning and leadership.

#### **Program Educational Objectives**

- To carry out the mission of the civil engineering program, the faculty have established the following educational objectives. During the first few years (1-5) following graduation, the graduates of the Civil Engineering program will have the following qualities:
- Graduates will accept increasing levels of responsibility over time and obtain their desired professional registration.
- Graduates will continue further studies in engineering and other professional disciplines as appropriate to their careers.
- Graduates will develop creative engineering solutions to project challenges that are cost effective and environmentally sensitive. JN-QA

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#### **Student Outcomes**

- (i) a recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in lifelong learning;
  - (j) a knowledge of contemporary issues;
  - (k) an ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice;
  - (I) apply knowledge in a minimum of four (4) recognized major civil engineering areas;
  - (m) an ability to perform civil engineering design by means of design experiences integrated throughout the professional component of the curriculum; and
  - (n) an understanding of professional practice issues such as: procurement of work; bidding versus quality based selection processes; how the design professionals and the construction professions interact to construct a project; the importance of professional licensure and continuing education; and/or other professional practice issues.



**MPA:** http://www.depaul.edu/university-catalog/degree-requirements/ graduate/class/public-administration-mpa/Pages/learning-outcomes.aspx

- Clearly explain to stakeholders key public issues both orally and in writing and detail their impact on the public at large.
- Distinguish the interactive roles that government organizations play in the business and non-profit sectors in planning and delivering public services.
- **Develop a research** question regarding a governmental issue, collect relevant data, and resolve the question.
- Apply leadership theories and techniques in managing and governing a public organization.
- Use an ethical framework to analyze an ethical dilemma within the political context of a government institution.

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## Communication and Information Sciences Ph.D. Program

74

- (SLO1) Demonstrate understanding of research methods and subject knowledge in the field of Communication and Information Sciences
- (SLO2) Synthesize diverse data, theories, and methods
- (SLO3) Demonstrate the ability to conduct research
- (SLO4) Propose and conduct original research
- (SLO5) Develop and articulate a professional identity as a contributing member of a research community

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#### Ph.D. – Economic Programme

75 S

73

- SLO1. Demonstrate an ability to apply the economic theory and analytical and quantitative tools.
- SLO2. Demonstrate an ability to integrate, and apply the various tools, concepts, and principles of economics and quantitative methods to analyze and to develop solutions to economic problems in a clear and concise written form.
- SLO3. Demonstrate a "frontier" level competency and familiarity with the literature in the student's perceived specialty area.
- SLO4. Demonstrate the ability to conduct independent and original research in economics.
- SLO5. Have the skills necessary to qualify for teaching positions at the university and college levels, and for research positions in the public or private sector.

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# Exercise 1: Formulation of Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)







#### **Step to formulate ELOs**

77 (1) Find out  $\rightarrow$  What are

- the <u>requirements</u> of accreditation body, benchmarked institution, labour market, NQF and/or professional body?
- the <u>requirements</u> of students, academic staff, alumni and employers?
- the <u>Vision</u>, Mission, Values and Graduate attributes of MU, faculty and/or department?
- (2) Translate all information of No.(1) to formulate your <u>Programme Goals</u> (Aims) and/or Programme Educational Objectives.
- (3) Formulate <u>Expected Learning Outcomes</u> (ELOs) of your programme

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#### **Step to formulate ELOs**

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#### Stakeholders (needs)

- Students
- Academic Staff
- Alumni
- Employers

#### (Inter)national benchmarking (requirements)

- TQF
- VMV
- Labour market
- Professional body

2

#### **Programme Goals**

**Programme Educational Objectivees (ELOs)** 

 What the student should be able to know, understand and to do at the end of the programme.

3

#### **Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs)**

- What the student should be able to know, understand and to do at the end of the programme.

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#### **Exercise 1: Formulate Programme ELOs**

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1) Formulate <u>Programme Goals</u> (Aims) and Programme Objectives)

#### Discuss in your group.

- 2) Formulate <u>Expected Learning Outcomes</u> (ELOs) of your programme. Then review:
  - How each ELO statement looks SMART?
  - How each ELO statement aligns with VMV-MU/FAC?
  - How each ELO statement <u>aligns</u> with Programme Goals (Aims) and Programme Objectives?

Discuss in your group.



Your Time is Now.



#### Writing of ELOs — What you should do ...

81

In the statement of learning outcomes;

- use only action verbs of the same level of **taxonomy** per learning outcome and target specific aspects of expected performance include action verbs,
- avoid vague verbs such as know and understand
- write in terms of what the learner will do, not what the instructor will do,

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#### **ELOs – After finished please review...**

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	ELOs		PG/PEO	SMART					
				S	М	Α	R	Т	
ELO1		What?		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
ELO2			What?	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
ELO3				✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	
ELO4				✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	
ELO5				✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	
ELO6				✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	

S = Specific, M = Measurable, A = Achievable, R = Relevant, T = Time scale

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#### **Alignment of Stakeholders' Requirements with ELOs**

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No	ELO	NQF	student	Academic staff	Alumni	Employer
1		What?				
2			What?			
3				What?		
4					What?	
5						What?
6						
7						
8						

#### Classification of ELOs

84

	ELOs		K Skills			AUN-QA	
			Hard	Soft	С	Specific	Generic
ELO1							
ELO2							
ELO3							
ELO4							
ELO5							
ELO6							

K = Knowledge,

S = Skill.

A = Application and responsibility (Competence, Application of knowledge and skills)



#### **Align Teaching & Learning and Assessment Schemes** with ELOs (Constructive Alignment)

85

No	ELO	T&L Approach	Assessment Scheme
1		Depending on the level of taxonomy stated	Depending on the level of taxonomy stated
2			
3			
4		What?	
5			What?
6			
7			

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#### **Example**

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ELO according to Bloom	Teaching method	Assessment and Evaluation method	Study Method	
Remembering		Oral test, written test, MCQ Presentation and Q&A	Attending lectures and Independent Study	
Understanding / Brain storming and pair Applying work		Class Test, Project- based assignment, Seminar	Independent Study, Practice	
Analyzing/Eval uating	Cooperative Learning Problem-based Teaching	Project Assignment Conduction Plan	Practice, Report Preparation	
Creating	Teaching through Project Conduction, Situation Examination, Simulation or Conduction with the public attendance	Project-based Assignment	Practice, Report Writing	

A JN-QA

**SOLO TAXONOMY** (after Biggs and Collis 1982)

#### Structure of **Observed** Learning **Outcomes**

Define Identify Do simple procedure

I Unistructural

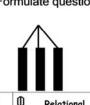
relevant idea

Definition identifies one

Define Describe List Do algorithm Combine

Compare/contrast Explain causes Sequence Classify Analyse Part/whole Relate Analogy Apply Formulate questions

Evaluate Theorise Generalise Predict Create **Imagine** Hypothesise Reflect





Multistructural Definition identifies several relevant ideas

Relational Definition identifies several relevant ideas and links these to the whole

Extended Abstract Definition identifies several relevant ideas and links these to the whole. Taken into another context.

Bloom 1-3 Prestructural Unistructural

Bloom W Multistructural Relational

Bloom 5 W Bloom 6 Extended abstract

#### Masters Degree qualification type descriptors 2/3

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

Skills

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Graduates of a Masters Degree (Research) will

- · cognitive skills to demonstrate mastery of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on theory and its application
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to investigate, analyse and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories and to apply established theories to different bodies of knowledge or practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to generate and evaluate complex ideas and concepts at an abstract level
- · cognitive and technical skills to design, use and evaluate research and research
- · communication and technical skills to present a coherent and sustained argument and to disseminate research results to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- · technical and communication skills to design, evaluate, implement, analyse, theorise and disseminate research that makes a contribution to knowledge

Graduates of a Masters Degree (Coursework)

- · cognitive skills to demonstrate mastery of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on theory and professional practice or scholarship
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to investigate, analyse and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories and to apply established theories to different bodies of knowledge or practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to generate and evaluate complex ideas and concepts at an abstract level
- communication and technical research skills to justify and interpret theoretical propositions, methodologies, conclusions and professional decisions to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- technical and communication skills to design, evaluate, implement, analyse and theorise about developments that contribute to professional practice or scholarship

- Graduates of a Masters Degree (Extended) will
- · cognitive skills to demonstrate mastery of theoretical knowledge and to reflect critically on theory and professional practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to investigate, analyse and synthesise complex information, problems, concepts and theories and to apply established theories to different bodies of knowledge or practice
- · cognitive, technical and creative skills to generate and evaluate complex ideas and concepts at an abstract level
- communication and technical research skills to justify and interpret theoretical propositions, methodologies, conclusions and professional decisions to specialist and non-specialist audiences
- · technical and communication skills to design, evaluate, implement, analyse and theorise about developments that contribute to professional practice



Prestructural

Needs assistance

#### Masters Degree qualification type descriptors 3/3

Australian Qualifications Framework Second Edition January 2013 https://www.aqf.edu.au/sites/aqf/files/aqf-2nd-edition-january-2013.pdf

Application of knowledge and skills	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Research) will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with creativity and initiative to new situations and/or for further learning  • with high level personal autonomy and accountability  • to plan and execute a substantial piece of research	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Coursework) will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with creativity and initiative to new situations in professional practice and/or for further learning  • with high level personal autonomy and accountability  • to plan and execute a substantial research-based project, capstone experience and/or piece of scholarship	Graduates of a Masters Degree (Extended) will demonstrate the application of knowledge and skills:  • with creativity and initiative to new situations in professional practice and/or for further learning  • with high level personal autonomy and accountability  • to plan and execute a substantial research-based project, capstone experience and/or professionally focused project
Volume of learning	The volume of learning of a Masters Degree (Research) is typically 1 – 2 years; in the same discipline 1.5 years following a level 7 qualification or 1 year following a level 8 qualification; in a different discipline 2 years following a level 8 qualification or 1.5 years following a level 8 qualification	The volume of learning of a Masters Degree (Coursework) is typically 1 – 2 years; in the same discipline 1.5 years following a level 7 qualification or 1 year following a level 8 qualification; in a different discipline 2 years following a level 7 qualification or 1.5 years following a level 8 qualification or 1.5 years following a level 8 qualification	The volume of learning of a Masters Degree (Extended) is typically 3 – 4 years following completion of a minimum of a 3 year level 7 qualification

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#### **Doctoral Degree (Research)**

- The Doctoral Degree (Research) qualification (leading to the award of a *Doctor of Philosophy*) is designed so that graduates will have undertaken a program of independent supervised study that produces significant and original research outcomes culminating in a thesis, dissertation, exegesis or equivalent for independent examination by at least two external expert examiners of international standing.
- Research in the program of learning will be for at least two years and typically two-thirds or more of the qualification. The program of learning may also include advanced coursework to enhance the student's capacity to make a significant contribution to knowledge in the discipline (or cross-disciplinary field). The advanced coursework may support but not replace the research outcomes. JN-QA

**Doctoral Degree qualifications** 

- The **purpose** of the Doctoral Degree is to qualify individuals who apply a substantial body of knowledge to research, investigate and develop new knowledge, in one or more fields of investigation, scholarship or professional practice.
  - **Research** is the defining characteristic of all Doctoral Degree qualifications. There are two forms of Doctoral Degree with the same descriptor within the Research Doctoral Degree qualification type: the Doctoral Degree (typically referred to as a Doctor of Philosophy) and the Professional Doctoral Degree (typically titled Doctor of [field of study])
  - The emphasis in the learning outcomes and research may differ between the different forms of Doctoral Degree qualifications but all graduates will demonstrate knowledge, skills and the application of the knowledge and skills at AQF level 10.

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#### **Doctoral Degree (Professional)**

- The Doctoral Degree (Professional) qualification is designed so that graduates will have undertaken a program of structured learning and independent supervised study that produces significant and original research outcomes culminating in a thesis, dissertation, exegesis or equivalent for independent examination by at least two external expert examiners of international standing.
  - Research in the program of learning will be typically for at least two years of the qualification. The program of structured learning typically will include advanced coursework designed to enhance the student's capacity to make a significant contribution to original knowledge in the discipline (or cross-disciplinary field) and/or research integrated practice developed in collaboration with a relevant professional, statutory or regulatory body. The advanced coursework and research-integrated practice will support the research outcomes. JN-QA

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#### 5 Basic steps in a curriculum design based on OBE



Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

**Construct appropriate Course Syllabus that the** alignment of CLOs with ELOs and constructive alignment of each course are achieved.

**Review Program Constructive Alignment to ensure** the ELOs can be achieved





#### From ELOs



### Design the <u>Curriculum</u> Using **Backward Curriculum Design**



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#### **Backward Design Process**

Identify expected

**Learning Outcomes** 

(student achievement)

What are the Skills required to achieve that outcomes?

> What are the **Knowledge** required to build up that skills?



Learning Outcomes - Skills

> What are the Knowledge required to build up that skills?

Learning Outcomes - Knowledge

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Learning Outcomes (student achievement)

- Competence
- Application

What are the Skills required to achieve that outcomes?

> What are the Knowledge required to build up that skills?

> > JN-QA



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#### (2) Backward Design Curriculum, BDC

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ELO/ Competency	Specific Skills	Generic Skills	Knowledge
ELO 1	SS1	GS1	K1
		GS2	K2
			К3
	SS2	GS1	К2
			K4
	SS3	GS1	<b>K1</b>
		GS3	K2
			K5
ELO 2	SS3	GS3	<b>K1</b>
		GS4	<b>K2</b>
			К3





#### **ELO4: Perform imaging of CT-brain in emergency**

Specific Skills	Soft-Skills (Transferable skills)	Knowledge	
1. Patient approach	Communication	Patient information	
	Cultural awareness	Declaration of Request	
	Professional ethics	Patient's rights	
2. Patient preparation	Communication	Anatomy CT tochnology	
and positioning	Cultural awareness	CT technology	
	Professional ethics		
3. Handing of CT and instrumentation	Decision making	PACS CT technology	
concerned	Problem solving	CT- Physics	
4. Exposure techniques	Decision making	Anatomy CT technology	
-mple	Professional ethics	CT- Physics	





#### **ELO4: Perform imaging of CT-brain in emergency**

Specific Skills	Soft-Skills (Transferable skills)	Knowledge	
1. Patient approach	Communication, Cultural	Declaration of Patient's rights,	
	awareness, Professional ethics	Request, patient information	
2. Patient preparation	Communication, Cultural	CT technology, Anatomy	
and positioning	awareness, Professional ethics		
3. Handing of CT and	Decision making, Problem	CT technology, CT-Physics,	
instrumentation	solving	PACS,	
concerned			
4. Exposure techniques	Decision making, Professional	CT technology, CT-Physics,	
	ethics	Anatomy	
5. Radiation protection	Decision making, Problem	CT technology, CT-Physics,	
	solving	Biological effect, Anatomy	
6. Quality control	2010	CT technology, QC instrument	
7. Image interpretation	443	CT technology, Image quality,	
	EXC	Cross-sectional anatomy,	
		Radiation pathology	
8. Patient care	Communication, Problem	HPC, CPR	
	solving, Professional ethics		
9. Clinical correlation	Working with the other	Clinical Labs, Pathology,	
2080		Diseases	
BY NC ND	•	A synch of Quality	

#### **ELO4: Perform imaging of CT-brain in emergency**

GE	8	Semester 7	Semester 6	Semester 5	Semester 4	Semester 3	Semester 2	Semester 1	00
Communication 5  Professional ethics 5  Problem solving 5  Cultural awareness 4  Decision making 4  Request 1  Declaration of Patient's rights 1  PACS 2  Patient information 1		on of rights 1	Request Declaration Patient's	Physics 4 technology 2	An. CT- CT	5 Cs 5 5	mmunication sessional ethicological blem solving tural awarene	GE Cor	

#### Combine into a subject/course

			1	i	1	•	1
101	PLO/ Competency	Specific Skills	Subjects concerned	Soft-Skills	Subjects concerned	Knowledge	Subjects concerned
	Perform imaging of CT-brain in	1. Patient approach		Communication, Cultural awareness, Professional ethics		Declaration of Patient's rights, Request, patient information	
	emergency	2. Patient preparation and positioning		Communication, Cultural awareness, Professional ethics		CT technology, Anatomy	
		3. Handing of CT and nstrumentation concerned		Decision making, Problem solving		CT technology, CT- Physics, PACS,	
		4. Exposure techniques		Decision making, Professional ethics		CT technology, CT- Physics, Anatomy	
		5. Radiation protection		Decision making, Problem solving		CT technology, CT- Physics, Biological effect, Anatomy	
		6. Quality control		-0010	10	CT technology, QC instrument	
		7. Image interpretation	EX	(3)		CT technology, Image quality, Cross-sectional anatomy, Radiation pathology	
		8. Patient care		Communication, Problem solving, Professional ethics		HPC, CPR	
(00	) <b>()</b> (§(=)	9. Clinical correlation		Working with the other		Clinical Labs, Pathology, Diseases	

**ELO 3:** Develop, adapt and implement research methodologies to extend and redefine existing knowledge and/or professional practice 103

Specific skill required	Generic skill required	TL	A	Knowledge required	TL	A	
SS1 Develop research question	GS1 IT skill GS2 Reading skill (English proficiency)			K1 Research methodology K2 Literature review K3 Professional knowledge			
SS2 Research plan	<b>GS3</b> Decision making			<b>K1</b> Research methodology			
SS3							
THESIS							

**ELO 3:** Develop, adapt and implement research methodologies to extend and redefine existing knowledge and/or professional practice

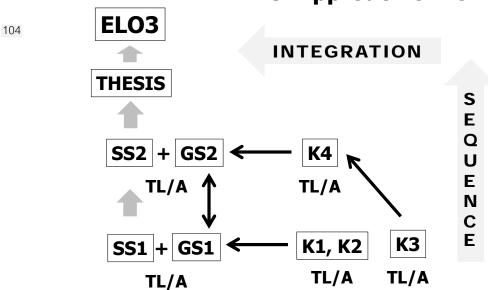
Specific skill required	Generic skill required	Knowledge required				
SS1 Develop research question	<b>GS1</b> IT skill <b>GS2</b> Reading skill (English proficiency)	<ul><li>K1 Research methodology</li><li>K2 Literature review</li><li>K3 Professional knowledge</li></ul>				
Research plan	<b>GS3</b> Decision making	<b>K1</b> Research methodology				
THESIS						

CLW-VDP 2 BY NC ND

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#### **BDC: Approach of T&L**











#### **Transform BDC to Courses, Modules, Activities**

105

From **BDC** of all ELOs, you can combine KNOWLEDGES and SKILLS to COURSES

#### For **example: From ELO3**,

Course C1 = K1 + K2 + K3

Course C2 = SS1 + GS1

Course C3 = K4 + SS2 + GS2

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#### From the backward design curriculum ...

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You can combine the related Knowledge, Skill, and Competence into ....

- Courses (subjects),
- Units,
- Modules, or
- Activities
- Sequencing the courses, units, modules and activities to make a study plan



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#### **BS – Conservation Biology**

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FIG hav	Sk	ills¤	Vt-dv			
computer-literacy, numerical- quiry, computer-literacy, merical-and-statistical- ills-to-answer-the- search-questions-related- biodiversity-conservation  Solve-problems-by-using-the- scientific-inquiry, computer- literacy, numerical- and-statistical-skills-related-to- biodiversity-conservation  Solve-problems-by-using-the- scientific-inquiry, computer- literacy, numerical- (G	generic	Knowledge¤				
Jse-the-processes-and-	Demonstrate-scientific-inquiry,-	(G1)·Scientific·inquiry¶	(K8)·Population·biology·			
nethods-of-scientific-	computer·literacy,·numerical·	(G2)·Information·management¶	(K10)-Ecology¤			
nquiry,-computer-literacy,-		(G4)·Numerical·and·statistical·	(K12)·Conservation·biology¤			
	biodiversity-conservation¤	skills¤	(K13)·Environmental·sciencex			
	10.25		(K16)·Geographic·information·system되			
			(K19)·Research·methodology¤			
			(K26)·Statistical·analysis¤			
kills-to-answer-the- esearch-questions-related- o-biodiversity- onservation.#			(K27)·Information·management·and- computer·application¤			
	Solve-problems-by-using-the	(G1)·Scientific·inquiry¶	(K8)-Population-biology-¤			
	scientific-inquiry,-computer-	(G2)·Information·management¶	(K10)-Ecology#			
		(G4)-Numerical-and-statistical-	(K12)·Conservation·biology¤			
	statistical·skills·¤	skills¶	(K13)·Environmental·science¤			
		(G5)·Decision·making¶	(K16)·Geographic·information·system¤			
		(G6)·Communication·skills¶	(K19)·Research·methodology¤			
		(G9)·Critical·thinking¶	(K26)-Statistical-analysis¤			
		(G10)·Holistic·view¶ (G11)·Problem·solving¤	(K27)-Information-management-and- computer-applicationx			
	ī	11	computer applications			

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### **Exercise 2: Curriculum Design Using Backward design Technique**









#### **Backward curriculum design**

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#### **Procedures:**

- From each ELO/Competence, determine the specific and/or generic skills need to achieve that ELO.
- From each specific and/or generic skills, determine the knowledge need to achieve that particular skill.
- 3. Transform BCD to Courses and Activities

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Your Time is Now..





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Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

Construct appropriate Course Syllabus that the alignment of CLOs with ELOs and constructive alignment of each course are achieved.

Review Program Constructive Alignment to ensure the ELOs can be achieved



From ELOs and BDC



**Construct the Program Structure and Contents** 



**Construct the Curriculum Map** 



112





#### **AUN 3: Programme Structure and Content** (3)

113

3	Programme Structure and Content
3.1	The curriculum is designed based on constructive alignment with the expected learning outcomes. [1]
3.2	The contribution made by each course to achieve the expected learning outcomes is clear. [2]
3.3	The curriculum is logically structured, sequenced, integrated and up-to-date. [3,4,5,6]

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#### 3. Programme Structure and Content

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#### Requirements (6)

- The curriculum, teaching and learning methods and student assessment are <u>constructively aligned</u> to achieve the expected learning outcomes.
- The <u>curriculum</u> is designed to meet the expected <u>learning outcomes</u> where the contribution made by each course in achieving the programme's expected learning outcomes is clear.
- 3. The curriculum is designed so that <u>the subject matter is</u> <u>logically structured</u>, <u>sequenced</u>, and <u>integrated</u>.

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#### 3. Programme Structure and Content

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#### Requirements (6)

- 4. The curriculum structure shows clearly the relationship and progression of <u>basic courses</u>, the intermediate <u>courses</u>, and the <u>specialised courses</u>.
- The curriculum is structured so that it is <u>flexible enough</u> to allow students to pursue an area of specialisation and incorporate more recent changes and developments in the field.
- 6. The curriculum is <u>reviewed periodically</u> to ensure that it remains relevant and up-to-date

#### **Curriculum in OBE Framework**

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#### The **curriculum should be designed** so that

- the teaching activities, learning activities and assessment tasks are co-ordinated with the expected learning outcomes (Constructive Alignment at Programme Level), and
- the curriculum is logically structured, sequenced and integrated.





#### Programme structure of DVM

117 **Doctor of Veterinary Medicine Courses:** intramural: Prescription and Studium General, Internal Medicine and Clinical Pathology, Surgery and Radiology Reproduction, Pathology, Veterinary Public Health and Epidemiology, Diagnostic Laboratory Extramural: (Animal Health) Veterinary Public Services, Internship Program, Dairy Health Management, Equine Medicine, Animal Hospital, Poultry Health Management Final Comprehensive Examination Bachelor of Veterinary Science Courses: Veterinary Clinical Diagnostic, General Surgery, Internal Medicine I, Special Surgery I, Internal Medicine II, Special Surgery II, Radiology, Clinical Pathology, Clinical Dietetic, Clinical Demonstration, Pharmaceutical Preparation and General therapy Bachelor of Veterinary Science Courses: Systemic Pathology I, Medical Biochemistry, Animal Behavlour, roduction to Nutritional Science, Statistical Method, Veterinary Bacteriology and Mycology, Veterinary /irology, Ectoparasites, Reproductive Sciences and Technology, Tophographic and Region Anatomy, Dietary Formulation Techniques and Feed Information System, Veterinary Immunology, Pharmacology ARACLINICA Public Health, Veterinary Epidemiology and Economy, Animal Welfare, Endoparasites Management of Animal Health and Environment, Pharmacology II, Hygiene of Food of Animal Origin, Bacterial and Mycotic Diseases, Viral Diseases, Zoonoses, Veterinary Toxicology, Genera athology, Animal Laboratory Health Management, Biomedical Instrument, Aquatic animal Health Management, Wildlife Animal Health Management, Poultry Health Management, Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Systemic Pathology II, Avian Pathology **PRECLINICAL** Bachelor of Veterinary Science Courses: Veterinary Anatomy I, General Biochemistry, Introduction to Veterinary Medical Profession, Veterinary Histology I, Physiology I, Veterinary Anatomy II, Embriology and Developmental Genetics, Veterinary Histology II. Physiology II, Scientific Methodology, Veterinary Legislation and Ethics Bachelor of Veterinary Science Courses: Religion, Civics FIRST COMMON YEAR Rahasa Indonesia English Sport and Art. Introduction to Agriculture Scientific S as Mathematics Chemistry Examp Introduction to Enterpreneurship

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#### Public Service Public Policy Developmental Governmental Religion, Pancasila, Citizenship Education, Indonesian Language, English Language, Introduction to Public Administration Science, Organizational Theory, Administration Analysis, Law of Public Administration, History of Administrative Science Thinking, Indonesian Social Cultural System, Management Principles, Ethics in Public Administration, Organizational Communication, Organizational Behavior & Development, Statistic, Public Administration Theory, Research Method, Entrepreneurship, Performance in Public Sector Organization, Bureaucracy, Strategic Management for Public Sector, Leadership, Methods of Scientific Writing, Governance Theory, Global Governance, Qualitative & Quantitative Data Analysis, Development of Capacity and Institutional of Public Sector, Public Finance Management, Comparative of Public Administration, Human Resource Management for Public Sector, Administrative Reform, Ecology of Administration, Empowerment of Local Community and Resource, Internship Theory of Public Policy I, Public Service Development, Public Policy Management, Administration Indonesian II. Indonesian of Development. Public Public Political Management Developmental Administration Theory, Example System Planning. System. Information Political Decision Making System Economy of Governmental Fiscal & Management of Development, System Public Sector Urban Financial Policy Developmental Policy Seminar of Seminar of Seminar of Seminar of Public Policy Public Service Developmental Governments Issnes Issues Issues Issues

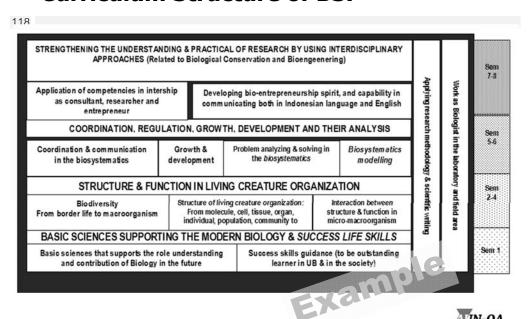
Thesis

Thesis

Thesis

#### JN-QA

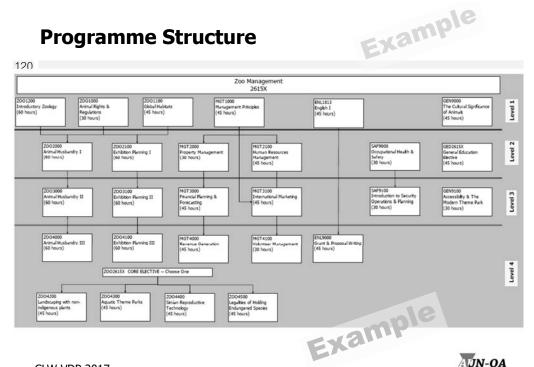
#### **Curriculum Structure of BSP**



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#### JN-QA

#### **Programme Structure**



QA at Programme Level

JN-OA

Thesis

#### **Programme Structure**

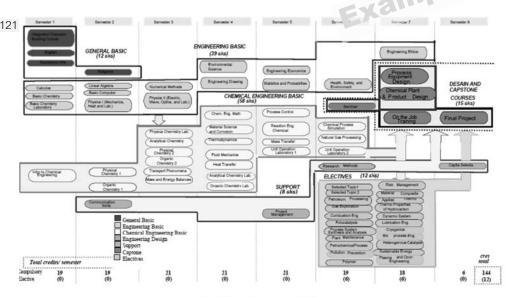


Figure 2.2 Curriculum Structure of ChESP

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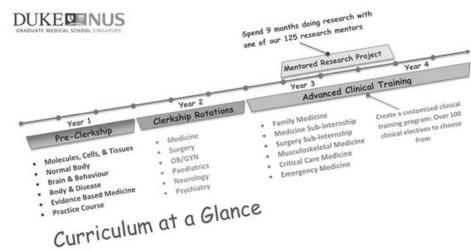
Source: Chemical Engineering, Universitas Indonesia



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MD Programme

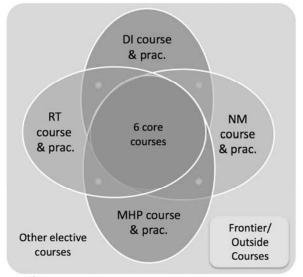
Home » Education



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#### Medical Physics Program Curriculum



\*1 minor track courses for PhD (optional for MS)

https://medicalphysics.duke.edu/programs

#### **Program Structure and Contents**

Plan A Plan B
(Full research) (Thematic research, Coursework)

**Entrance Assessment** 

**Qualifying Program** 

**Core Courses** 

Thesis, Thematic Paper, Dissertation

Internship, Fieldwork, Electives

Exit Assessment



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### Program Structure

GΕ

**Core Courses** 

**Specialise Courses** 

**Electives** 

Senior project

Internship

**Exit Assessment** 



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## How does your programme structure and contents look like?

#### STRUCTURE

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- One unique specific specialty, Clearly seen?
- One specific specialty with selected sub-specialty, Clearly seen? – Or Major? Why?
- Why Plan A? Why Plan B? Why Both?
- Study plan?

#### **CONTENTS**

- Sequence and integration, Clearly seen?
- Qualifying Programme needs? Why?
- Timeline for Senior project, Thesis? Start?, Why?

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#### **Curriculum Mapping:** The Process

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- Focused on curriculum and program learning outcomes
- Two-dimensional matrix representing courses on one axis and outcomes on the other
- Reflect Backwards Curriculum Design
- Identify which courses address which learning outcomes
- Indicate Sequence and integration of learning (all courses within the curriculum and ELOs)

#### แผนที่แสดงการกระจายความรับผิดชอบต่อผลการเรียนรู้จากหลักสูตรสู่รายวิชา

 ความรับผิดชอบหลัก ๑าามรับผิดชอบรอง 128 4. 11892 5. ทัลษะลารวิเคราะห์เลิงตัวเลข สื่อสาร 3. ทัลษะทางปัญญา 2. 97115 1. สถเสรรม จริยธรรม และลารใช้ทาดโนโลยีสารสนเทส ราชวิชา ระหว่าเบลลลและ ความรับติคชอบ 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1) หมวดวิชาสักษาทั่วไป - ลลุ่มวิชาวิทยาสาสตร์และ คณิตสาสตร์ 8882 11 ครนิคตาสตร์แสวดอนพิวเต heredzenia - ลลุ่มวิชาสังคมสาสหรั 371111 การใช้หรับบากรห้องสมจ 000000000000000000 888 141 มนุษร์กับตัวงม 000000000000000000 108101 เครษฐสาสตร์เมืองคัน (หรือ) 00000000000000000000 132 111 หลักการจังการ (หรือ) 00.00000000000000000 134111 หลักการะลาส - ลลุ่มวิชาเพษยสาสหรั 459271 จิ๋งวิทยาองภาพกรรมณ์องจัน 00.000000000000000 888033 ใชมไรการจำเนิดที่ใจ 0000000000000 - ลลุ่มวิชากาษา 0 0 • 0 0 • 0 0 0 0 • • 0 0 0 355:coc ภาษาอังกฤษ

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#### **Curriculum Mapping of Courses and ELOs**

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	CODE	NAME OF COURSE	CREDITS	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4	LO5	LO6	LO7	LO8	LO9
Sp	ecialized	d skills (specialized cours	es)						ı	ı	ı	ı
1		Subject 1	3	Х			Х					
2		Subject 2	3	Х			Х		Х			
3		Subject 3	3	Х		Х	Х			Х		
4		Subject 4	3	Х			Х	Х			Х	Х
5		Subject 5	3	Х			Х	Х			Х	
6		Subject 6	3	Х			Х	X	X		Х	
7		Subject 7	3	Х		-06	500				Х	
8		Subject 8	3	×	787		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х

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#### **Curriculum map with educational taxonomy**

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	COURSE	CR	LO1	LO2	LO3	LO4	LO5
Ва	sic courses	1		1		I	1
1	Subject 1	3	R			A	
2	Subject 2	3	R		Α		
Int	termediate courses	•					
3	Subject 3	3	R	A		A	
4	Subject 4	3	R			A	
Sp	ecialized courses						
5	Subject 5	3		Α	Α	E	E
6	Thesis	18		Α	A	E	E

**Bloom's Taxonomy** R = Remembering / Understanding

A = Applying / Analyzing

E = Evaluating / Creating



#### **Curriculum matrix, example 1**

Table 1.2 Relationship between Courses and Expected Learning Outcomes (Continued)

No	Code	Course	Credit			Expected L	earning Outc	come (ELO)		
140	Couc	Course	Cicun	ELO 1	ELO 2	ELO3	ELO 4	ELO 5	ELO 6	FLOT
27	CHS220802	Analytical Chemistry Lab.	1	5	5	1	1	1	5	1
28	CHS210801	Mass and Energy Balance	3	5	1	1	1	1	5	
29	CHS210802	Transport Phenomena	3	5	1	3	5	1		
30	CHS220804	Fluid Mechanics	3	5	1	1	5	-		1
31	CHS220805	Material Construction and Corrosion	3	5	1	1			4	3
32	CHS220806	Thermodynamics	3	5	1		TO.	1-1	5	5
33	CHS220807	Heat Transfer	3	5	1	1.4	3	1	5	5
34	CHS220801	Chemical Engineering Mathematics	3	5	1		5	1	5	. 1
35	CHS310802	Mass Transfer	4	5	1	2	5	1	5	1
36	CHS310803	Unit Operation Lab. 1	2	5	5	1	5	1	5	1
37	CHS320803	Unit Operation Lab. 2	2	5	5	1	5	1	5	1
38	CHS310804	Chemical Reaction Engineering	4	- 5	1	1	1	1	5	- 5
39	CHS310806	Process Control	3	5	1	5	1	1	5	1
40	CHS320801	Chemical Process Simulation	3	5	1	5	5	1	5	1
41	CHS320802c	Natural Gas Processing	3	5	1	4	5	1	5	5
42	CHS120801	Communication Skill	2 No	te. The	figures	in the F	$LO^{l}col$	umn rel	ate to:	5
43	CHS310805	Project Management			<i>v</i> · · · ·			5	5	5
44	CHS320804	Research Methods	2 1 1	vot gire	ctly rela	ited <sub>1</sub> to E	$LU_5$	1	5	1
45	CHS400803	Capita Selecta	220	Duite re	lated to	ELO	1	5	4	5
46	CHS410801	Process Equipment Design	104	5	1	5	1	1	5	5
47	CHS410802	Chemical Plant and Product Design	- 4		to ELO		5	5	5	5
48	CHS300805	Seminar	14 (	Tlosely	related	to ELO	5	4	5	5
49	CHS400801	On the Job Training	2.5	nasifia	ally rela	tadita I	105	5	5	5
50	CHS400802	Final Project	4 4	ресущ	uny zen	ieu io L	LO <sub>5</sub>	4	5	5
51	CHF410801c	Composite Material	3	4	1	1	1	4	5	4
52	CHF410802	Applied Thermodynamics	3	5	1	3	1	1	4	4
53	CHF410803	Dynamic Systems	3	4	Soutce	Chemica	Entrine	erina III	ivercita	Indo

**Curriculum Map: Course matrix** 

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)	COURSES	ELO1	ELO2	ELO3	ELO4	ELO5
	Core Courses					
	MU 510			K1,K2,K3		
	MU 520			SS1-GS1		
	Specialize Cour	ses				
	MU 610					
	MU 640					
	MU 690			K4, SS2-GS2 A		
	Fieldwork		SS1-9 / A		GS1-	4 / A
	Thesis		SS1-9 / A		GS1-	-4 /A





#### (3) Curriculum Map

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COURSES	LO1(K/S)	LO2(S/C)	LO3(RC)	LO4(GS)	LO5(GS)
MU 101	I	I	I	I	I
MU 102	I	I	I	I	I
MU 120	I	E	E	E	E
MU 121	E	E	E	E	E
MU 253		E	E	E	E
MU 241	E/A	М	М	М	М
MU 295	M/A	M/A	M/A	M/A	M/A
MU 296	A	A	A		

**I** = introduced; **E** = emphasized; **M** = mastered; **A** = assessed





#### **Curriculum Map: Skill matrix**

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### A matrix identifies the knowledge and skills required to achieve ELOs

Skill/ knowledge	LO1(K/S)	LO2(S/C)	LO3(RC)	LO4(GS)	LO5(GS)
K1,K2,K3			I	I	
SS1,GS1			Е	I	I
K4,SS2,GS2			Е	Е	Е
THESIS			M/A	M/A	M/A
T&L			3,4,5	5	5
Summative Assessment			Α	Α	Α





#### (3) Curriculum Map

134					3 SLOs	2 GL	.Os
	COURSES	1.0	01(K/S)	LO2(S/C)	LO3(RC)	LO4(GS)	LO5(GS)
	MU 101		Ī	I	Ī	T I	I
S	MU 102		I	I	I	onomy	I
Q	MU 120		I	F	I tional Tax vel of Lea →Integrat	rning)	E
U E	MU 121		E	Eduos (Le)	vel of Lea Integral	ion	E
N	MU 253				>Into	E	E
C	MU 241		E/A	M	M	M	М
ļ	MU 295		M/A	M/A	M/A	M/A	M/A
	MU 296		Α	Α	Α		

I = introduced; E = emphasized; M = mastered; A = assessed





#### Ph.D. - Communication and Information Sciences program

Key: I=Introduced, R=Reinforced, M=Mastered, A=Assessed

Program Element	SLO1	SLO2	SLO3	SLO4	SLO5
CIS 701: Communication/Information Theories	IRA	IRA	[		IR
CIS 702: Communication/Information Technologies	IRA	IRA			IR
CIS 703: Communication/Information Research Methods	IRA	IRA	IRA	IR	IR
CIS 704: Special Topics in CIS	IRA	IRA			IR
CIS 720: Interdisciplinary Seminar in CIS	IR	IR	IR	IR	IRM
Research methods course outside CIS	IRMA	IR.	IR	IR	
Coursework to prepare for secondary exams	IRMA				
Coursework to prepare for primary exam	IRMA	IRMA		Į.	
Secondary Exams (2)	A	A			1
Primary Exam	A	A	A		A
Faculty Mentoring Program			IR	IR	RM
CIS 699 Directed Research	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Research Publication Requirement			MA	IRA	MA
Dissertation Proposal (including defense)			RMA	IRA	MA
Dissertation (including defense)			MA	IRMA	MA

- (SLO1) Demonstrate understanding of research methods and subject knowledge in the field of Communication and Information Sciences
- (SLO2) Synthesize diverse data, theories, and methods
- (SLO3) Demonstrate the ability to conduct research
- (SLO4) Propose and conduct original research
- (SLO5) Develop and articulate a professional identity as a contributing member of a research community

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#### Ph.D. - Economic Programme

	_						
PhD Program Requirements	ELO1	ELO2	ELO3	ELO4	ELO5	ELO6	ELO7
Core Courses	I, R	I	I	I	I		
Qualifying Exams	R	R					I, A
Field Courses	R	R	I, R	I, R	I, R	I, R	
Research Seminar	R	R	R	I, R	R	R	R, A
Electives	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Proposal Defense	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R	R	R
Thesis Defense	M, A	M, A	M, A	M, A	М	М	R
Thesis Submission	М	М	М	М	М	М	A

I = Introduced; R = Reinforced & opportunity to practice; M = Mastery at the senior or exit level;
A = Assessment evidence collected

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of economic theory and analytical and quantitative tools.
- 2. Demonstrate an ability to understand, integrate, and apply the various tools, concepts, and principles of economics and quantitative methods to analyze and to develop solutions to economic problems in a clear and concise written form.
- Demonstrate a "frontier" level competency and familiarity with the literature in the student's perceived specialty area.
- 4. Demonstrate the ability to conduct independent and original research in economics.
- Have the skills necessary to qualify for teaching positions at the university and college levels, and for research positions in the public or private sector.
- Program graduates will be able to obtain employment that uses the level of expertise obtained in the Ph.D. program.
- 7. Complete these goals according to the timeline described in the graduate program guidelines.

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#### **Example**

								Kn	owle	dge					Skills	5			Attit	ude	
S/N	Course title	Code Course	Credit	Lecture	Practice	Self-study	EL01.1	EL012	EL013	EL01.4	EL01.5	ELO2.1	ELO2.1	EL02.3	EL02.4	EL02.5	EL02.6	EL02.7	EL03.1	EL03.2	EL03.3
				Crea	it ho	ırs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
42	Geography of Vietnam	GEO3231	5	45	25	5		2		3	2			2					x	x	x
43	Nature Fieldtrip	GEO2303	2		30		2	2		2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	x	x	x
44	Practice on Geodesy	GEO3210	2	10	15	5	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	x	x	x
45	Physical Geography Fieldtrip	GEO3226	2		30		2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	x	x	x
46	Fieldtrip for specific purposes	GEO4070	2		30		3	2		3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	x	x	x
47	Essay	GEO4071	2		30		3	2		3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	x	x	x
V.2	Elective courses		13/ 89																		
48	Landscape science and applications	GEO3212	4	25	25	10		2		3	4	4				3			x	x	x
49	Environmental Economics and Ecological Economics	GEO3213	2	20	5	5		2		3	4	3				3			x	x	x
	Mathods and technologies for						1		1												1

1- Remember, 2 - Understand/Appy, 3 - Analyze/Evaluate, 4- Create

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# Exercise 3: Construct programme structure and a curriculum map

## Construct programme structure and a curriculum map

#### **Procedures:**

- 1. Construct a programme structure by using the results of Backward Design Curriculum
- 2. Construct a curriculum mapping of your programme by using the results of Backward Design Curriculum

Time is yours: .....







## Your Time is Now..





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- How does the sequences and integration of the courses or modules structures?
- Do all the key courses address at least one outcome?
- Do multiple offerings of the same course address the same outcomes at the same levels?
- Do some outcomes get more coverage than others?

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#### ระดับหลักสูตร

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ELO
ผลการเรียนรู้ที่คาดหวังระดับหลักสูตร
(จบแล้วทำอะไรได้)

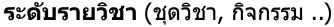
Backward Curriculum Design การออกแบบโครงสร้างเนื้อหาหลักสูตรแบบย้อนกลับ

> Program Structure โครงสร้างหลักสูตร

Study Plan แผนการเรียนรู้ (สอน) Module, Course, Activities .. ชุดวิชา, รายวิชา, กิจกรรม ...







PLO
ผลการเรียนรู้ที่คาดหวังระดับหลักสูตร
(จบแล้วข้าะไรไต์)

Backward Curriculum Design
การออกแบบโครงสร้างเป้าหาหลักสูตรแบบย้อนกลับ

Program Structure
โครงสร้างหลักสูตร
ule, Course, Activities ..
แผนการเรียนรู้ (สอน)

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Curriculum Map (matrix)
แผนที่ความสัมพันธ์ระหว่างรายวิชา (Course) กับ
ผลการเรียนรู้ที่คาดหวังในระดับหลักสูตร (PLO)
(ตัวเชื่อมระหว่างีระดับหลักสูตรและรายวิชา)

ระดับรายวิชา

Course Syllabus / Course Specification การออกแบบโครงสร้างเนื้อหาหลักสูตรแบบย้อนกลับ





#### 5 Basic steps in a curriculum design based on OBE



Backward Curriculum designed to align with ELOs

Construct Program Structure and Content that the sequence and integration are achieved.

Construct appropriate Course Syllabus that the alignment of CLOs with ELOs and constructive alignment of each course are achieved.

Review Program Constructive Alignment to ensure the ELOs can be achieved





## Development of Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)



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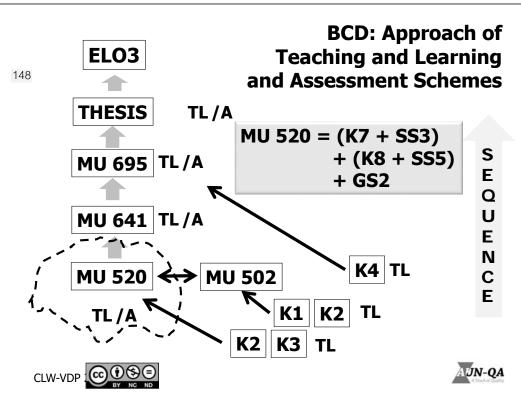


#### **Curriculum Map: Course matrix**

COURSES	ELO1	ELO2	ELO3	ELO4	ELO5
Core Courses					
MU 501	K5/SS1			GS1	
MU 502		K6/SS2	K6/SS4		GS2
MU 520	K7/SS3		K8/SS5		GS2
Specialize Courses					
MU 621	SS6			GS1	
MU 621 MU 641	SS6	SS7	SS8	GS1	GS2
	SS6 SS9	SS7 SS10	SS8 SS11/A	GS1 GS3	GS2 GS4
	Core Courses MU 501 MU 502 MU 520	Core Courses           MU 501         K5/SS1           MU 502         K7/SS3	Core Courses           MU 501         K5/SS1           MU 502         K6/SS2           MU 520         K7/SS3	Core Courses           MU 501         K5/SS1           MU 502         K6/SS2         K6/SS4           MU 520         K7/SS3         K8/SS5	Core Courses           MU 501         K5/SS1         GS1           MU 502         K6/SS2         K6/SS4           MU 520         K7/SS3         K8/SS5







#### MU 520 = (K7 + SS3) + (K8 + SS5) + GS2

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#### **CLOs should be developed from CM and BCD**

K/S	Course Learning Outcome (CLO)		
К7	Action verb + Object + modification	1	
K8	Action verb + Object + modification	3	
SS3 + GS2	Action verb + Object + modification	1,5	
SS5 + GS2	Action verb + Object + modification	3,5	





#### **Constructive Alignment at course level**

**MU 520:** (K7 + SS3) + (K8 + SS5) + GS2

CLO 1: (ELO ....)
CLO 2: Action Verb + Object + Modification (ELO ....)
CLO 3 (ELO ....)

CLO 4 (ELO .....

Content CLO T/L Assessment Scheme

CLO T/L Assessment Scheme

CLO T/L Assessment Scheme





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## Exercise 4: Formulation of Course Learning Outcomes

## Formulation of a course learning outcomes (CLOs)

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#### **Procedures:**

- 1. Select a course (subject) in the curriculum map
- 2. Using the relationship of the course in curriculum map and BDC with ELO to construct CLOs.
- 3. Please aware of sequence and integration of student learning







## Your Time is Now..





#### **Homework**

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- 1: Expected Learning Outcomes
- 2: Backward curriculum design
- 3: Programme structure, study plan
- 4. Curriculum mapping (constructive alignment)
- 5: Course Learning Outcomes

Next Workshop ...... When?

A JN-QA

**CLW-VDP 2017**